GUIDE



FINANCIAL SOUNDNESS INDICATORS COMPILATION GUIDE



Webinar on the Implementation of 2019 FSIs Guide

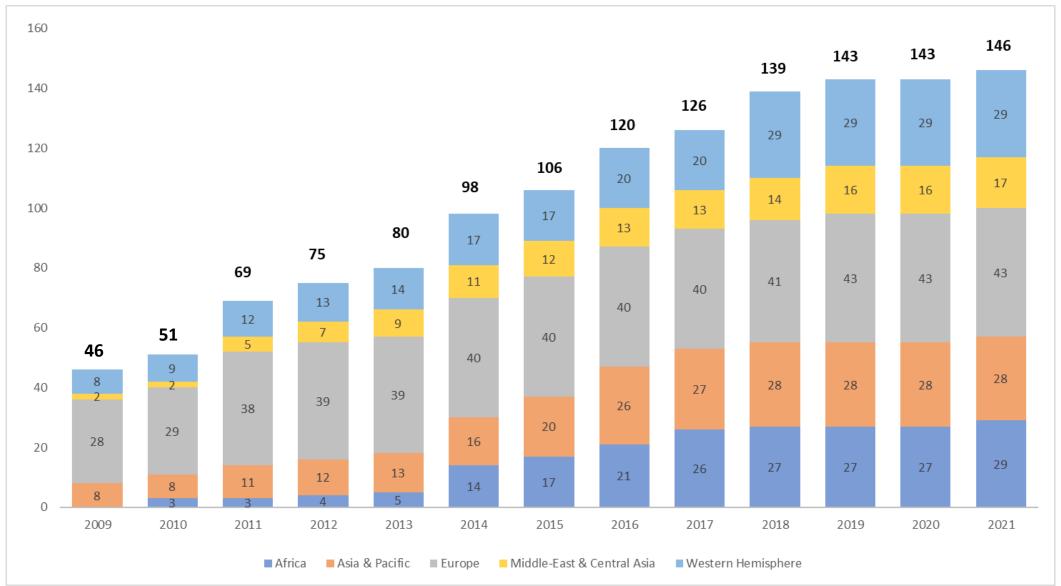
JANUARY 25, 2021

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Webinar Agenda

- Motivation for the update of the FSIs Guide
- FSIs for DTs: Before and After
- Concentration and Distribution Measures
- FSIs for Other Sectors
- New Report Forms and Migration

Stay of Play: Number of reporters of Financial Soundness Indicators (FSIs) data



Why a New FSIs Guide?

The global financial crisis:

 a recognition of the need to improve our tools to track macro-financial vulnerabilities

The crisis led to reforms in regulatory and accounting standards:

- Regulation (Basel III Accord)
- Accounting (IFRS 9)
- And a recognition of the need for/to
 - indicators to better gauge deposit takers (DTs) buffers vs. expected and unexpected losses
 - develop new FSIs for Other Financial Corporations (shadow banking)
 - strengthen the FSIs for Non-Financial Corporations and Households

Why a New FSIs Guide? (contd.)

The G20 Data Gaps Initiative (DGI) => monitoring financial risks a priority.

- Recommendation #2:
 - called for a revision of the list of FSIs
- Recommendation #3:
 - called for the IMF to investigate Concentration and Distribution Measures (CDMs) for select FSIs

Finally, in December 2019, the Financial Soundness Indicators Compilation Guide (2019 FSIs Guide) was published.

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FSIs: Before and After

	Before	After
Deposit-takers (DTs)	12 core 13 additional	17 core 12 additional
Other Financial Corporations (OFCs)	2 additional	2 additional
 Money market funds (MMFs) 		2 additional
Insurance corporations (ICs)		4 additional
Pension funds (PFs)		2 additional
Nonfinancial corporations (NFCs)	5 additional	7 additional
Households (HH)	2 additional	3 additional
Real Estate Markets	4 additional	1 core 3 additional
Market Liquidity	2 additional	
Total	12 core 28 additional	18 core 35 additional

Core FSIs for DTs

Four new FSIs

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- Common Equity Tier 1 (CET1) capital to risk-weighted assets
- Provisions to nonperforming loans
- Liquidity coverage ratio
- Net stable funding ratio

One FSI moved from the additional to the core set

Capital to assets (renamed as Tier 1 capital to asset)

Additional FSIs for DTs

One additional

Credit growth to the private sector

One discontinuation

Net open position in equities to capital

A Closer Look

Income and Expense Statement*	
1. Interest income	_
i. Gross interest income	_
ii. Less provisions for accrued interest on nonperforming assets	
2. Interest expense	
3. Net interest income $(=1-2)$	
4. Noninterest income	
i. Fees and commissions receivable	
ii. Gains or losses on financial instruments	_
iii. Prorated earnings	
iv. Other income ¹	
5. Gross income (= 3 + 4)	
6. Noninterest expenses	
i. Personnelcosts	
ii. Other expenses	
7. Provisions (net)	
i. Loan loss provisions	
ii. Other financial asset provisions	
8. Net income before taxes $(=5 - (6 + 7))$	
	Extraordinary items
9. Income tax	
10. Net income after taxes $(=8-9)$	
11. Other comprehensive income (loss) net of tax	
12. Dividends payable	
13. Retained earnings (= $10 - 12$)	

*Income and expense statement is reported from beginning of the calendar year to the end of the reporting period.

Balance Sheet		
14. Total assets $(= 15 + 16 = 23 + 31)$		
14. For assets $(-15+10-25+51)$ 15. Nonfinancial assets		
16. Financial assets (= 17 through 22) 17. Currency and deposits ¹		
18. Loans (after specific provisions) (= 18.i – 18.ii)		
i. Gross loans		
i.i. Interbank loans2		
i.i.i. Resident		
i.i.ii. Nonresident		
i.ii. Noninterbank loans		
i.ii.i. Central bank		
i.ii.ii. General government		
i.ii.iii. Other financial corporations		
i.ii.iv. Nonfinancial corporations		
i.ii.v. Other domestic sectors		
i.ii.vi. Nonresidents		
ii. Specific provisions'		
19. Debt securities		
20. Equity and investment fund shares		
21. Financial derivatives		
22. Other financial assets		
23. Liabilities (= 28 + 29 + 30)		
24. Currency and deposits		
i. Customer deposits		
ii. Interbank deposits ²		
ii.i. Resident		
ii.ii. Nonresident		
iii. Other currency and deposits		
25. Loans		
26. Debt securities		
27. Other liabilities		
28. Debt (= 24 through 27)		
29. Financial derivatives and employee stock options		
30. General and other provisions		
31. Capital and reserves		
32. Balance sheet total $(=23 + 31 = 14)$		

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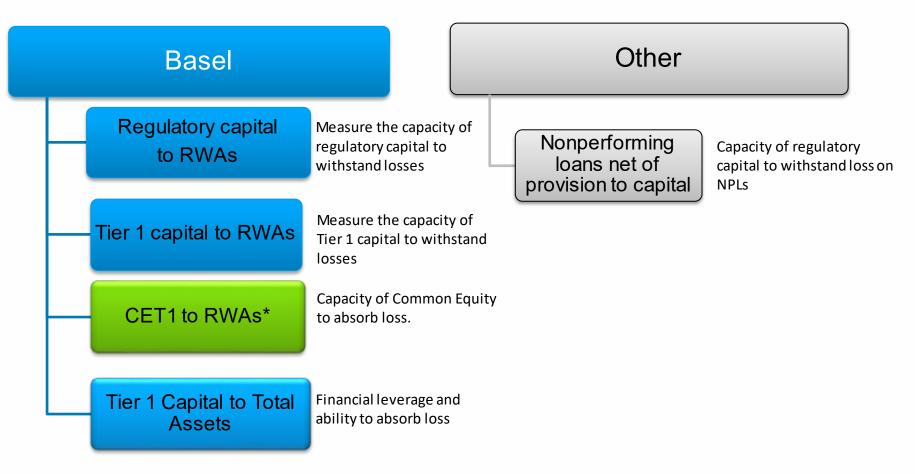
Memorandum Series
Other series required to calculate FSIs:
Supervisory-based series
33. Tier 1 capital less corresponding supervisory deductions ⁴
34. Common Equity Tier 1 (CET1) capital less corresponding
supervisory deductions ⁴
35. Additional Tier 1 (AT1) capital less corresponding
supervisory deductions ⁴
36. Tier 2 capital less corresponding supervisory deductions
37. Tier 3 capital
38. Other supervisory deductions ⁵
39. Total regulatory capital (= 33 + 36 + 37 - 38)
40. Risk-weighted assets
41. Basel III total exposure measure
42. High-quality liquid assets
43. Total net cash outflows over the next 30 calendar days
44. Available amount of stable funding
45. Required amount of stable funding
46. Large exposures
Series that provide a further analysis of the balance sheet:
47. Liquid assets
48. Short-term liabilities
49. Nonperforming loans
50. Residential real estate loans
51. Commercial real estate loans

52. Geographic distribution of loans ⁶
(i) Domestic economy
(ii) Advanced economies
(iii) Emerging market and developing economies
iii.i. Emerging and developing Asia
iii.ii. Emerging and developing Europe
iii.iii. Latin America and the Caribbean
iii.iv. Middle East and Central Asia
ii.v. Sub-Saharan Africa
53. Foreign currency loans
54. Foreign currency liabilities
55. Net open position in foreign currency for on-balance-sheet items
56. Total net open position in foreign currency
57. Credit to the private sector
58. Loan concentration by economic activity
59. Reference lending rates
60. Reference deposit rates
61. Highest interbank rate
62. Lowest interbank rate
Data series for compiling FSIs: ROA and ROE
63. Annualized net income before taxes
64. Annualized net income after taxes
65. Average total assets
66. Average capital and reserves

Capital Adequacy

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Analytic value: a gauge of the robustness of financial institutions to withstand shocks to their balance sheets



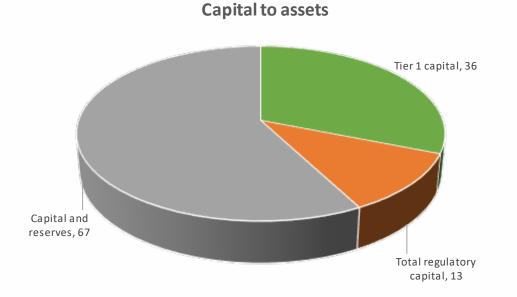
* New FSI

Capital Adequacy: Core

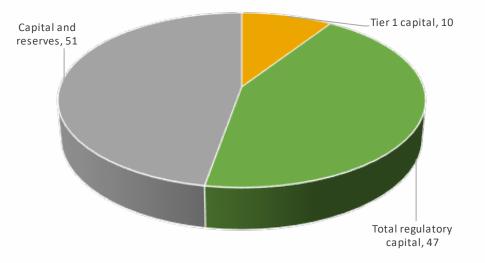
2006 FSI Guide	2019 FSI Guide	
Regulatory capital to risk-weighted assets	Regulatory capital to risk-weighted assets	Numerator: No changeDenominator: No change
Regulatory Tier 1 capital to risk-weighted assets	Regulatory Tier 1 capital to risk-weighted assets	Numerator: No changeDenominator: No change
	CET-1 capital to risk-weighted assets*	 Numerator: CET1 Denominator: Risk-weighted assets
Capital to assets	Tier-1 capital to assets	 Numerator: Tier 1 capital Denominator: Total assets or Basel III's exposure measures
Nonperforming loans net of provisions to capital	Nonperforming loans net of provisions to capital	 Numerator: Specific provisions (defined as provisions on NPLs). Denominator: Total regulatory capital

Capital Adequacy

Green indicates prescribed choice of denominator in 2019 FSI guide





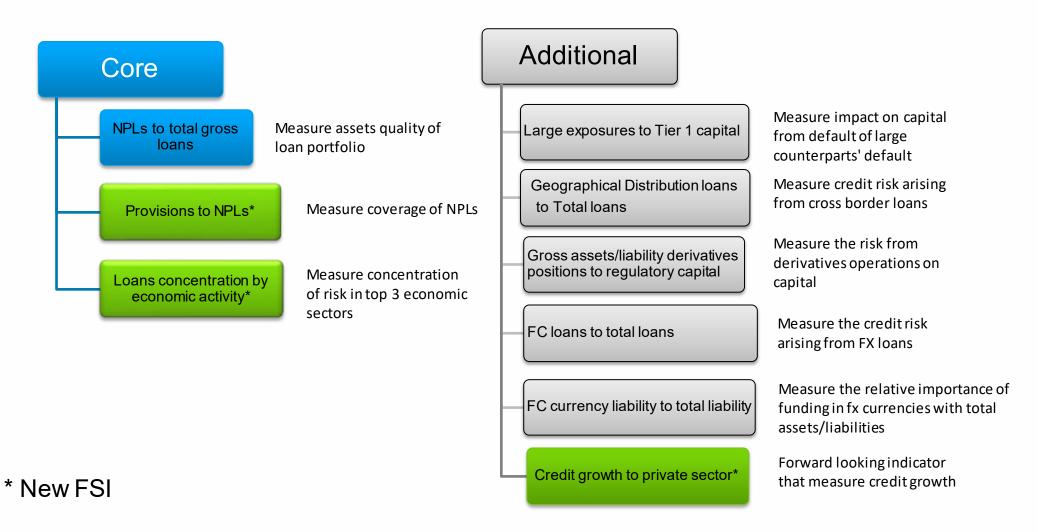


Number refers to number of countries

Asset Quality

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Analytic value: a measure of risks to deposit takers' solvency arising from asset quality impairment



Asset Quality: Core

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2006 FSI Guide	2019 FSI Guide	Main changes
Nonperforming loans to total gross loans	Nonperforming loans to total gross loans	Numerator: No changeDenominator: No change
	Provisions to nonperforming loans*	 Numerator: Specific provisions (defined as provisions on NPLs). Denominator: NPLs
Sectoral distribution of loans	Loan concentration by economic activity*	 Replaced FSI on loan concentration by economic activity Numerator: Loans to the top 3 economic sectors as per United Nation's International Standard Industrial Classification of All Economic Sector Activities (ISIC) Denominator: Gross loans to nonfinancial corporations



Asset Quality: Additional

2006 FSI Guide	2019 FSI Guide	Main changes
Large exposures to capital	Large exposures to capital	 Numerator: All credit exposures to single or group of related borrowers after deduction of credit mitigants exceeding 10 percent of Tier 1 capital (as defined in the BCBS's framework) Denominator: Tier 1 capital
Geographical distribution of loans	Geographical distribution of loans	 Numerator: WEO regional country classification (October 2019) Denominator: No change
Gross asset position in financial derivatives to capital	Gross asset position in financial derivatives to capital	 Numerator: No change Denominator: Total regulatory capital
Gross liability position in financial derivatives to capital	Gross liability position in financial derivatives to capital	 Numerator: No change Denominator: Total regulatory capital



Asset Quality: Additional

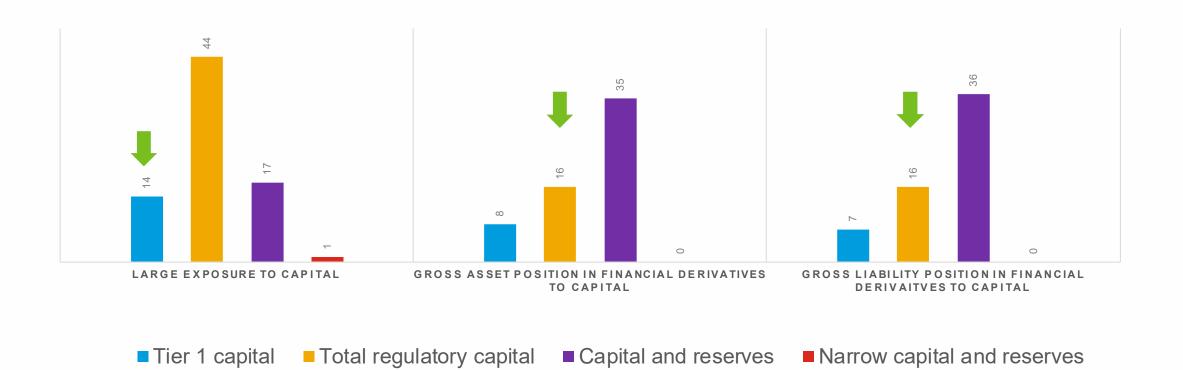
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2006 FSI Guide	2019 FSI Guide	Main changes
Foreign-currency denominated loans to total loans	Foreign-currency denominated loans to total loans	Numerator: No changeDenominator: No Change
Foreign-currency denominated liabilities to total liabilities	Foreign-currency denominated liabilities to total liabilities	Numerator: No changeDenominator: No change
	Credit growth to private sector*	 Credit to the private sector includes gross loans extended by DTs to the private nonfinancial sector, plus debt securities issued by private NFCs and held by DTs. The data should be compiled on a domestic consolidated basis. The private sector comprises private NFCs, HHs, and NPISHs. Calculated as the 12 months growth in credit to private sector



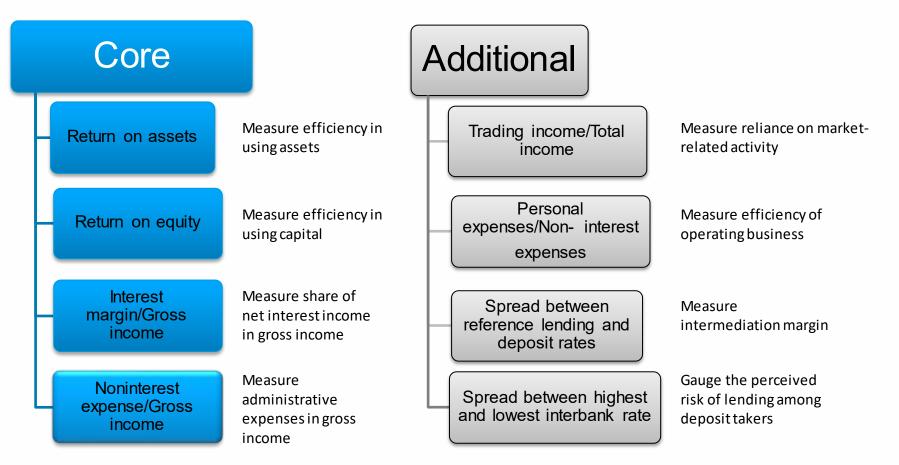
Asset Quality

Green arrow indicates prescribed choice of denominator in 2019 FSI guide



Earnings and profitability

Analytic value: a measure of risks to deposit takers' solvency arising from asset quality impairment



Earnings and profitability: Core

2006 FSI Guide	2019 FSI Guide	Main changes
Return on assets	Return on assets	 Extraordinary items have been phased out in the income and expense statement Numerator: Annualized Net profit before tax Denominator: Average total assets (No change)
Return on equity	Return on equity	 Numerator: Annualized Net profit after tax Denominator: Average capital and reserves
Interest margin to gross income	Interest margin to gross income	 Numerator: No change Denominator: include extraordinary profits (if any)
Non-interest expenses to gross income	Non-interest expenses to gross income	 Numerator: include extraordinary losses (if any) Denominator: include extraordinary profits (if any)

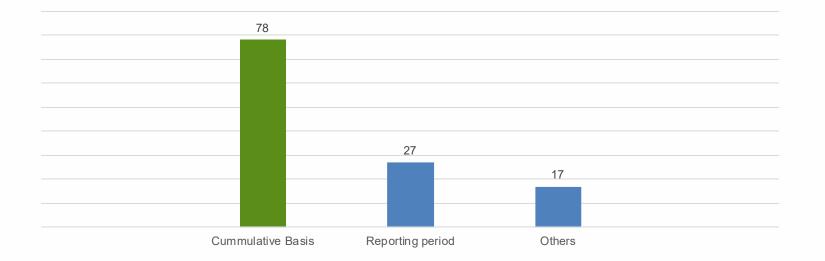
Earnings and profitability: Additional

2006 FSI Guide	2019 FSI Guide	Main changes
Trading income to total income	Trading income to total income	 Numerator: No change Denominator: include extraordinary profits (if any)
Personnel expenses to non-interest expenses	Personnel expenses to non-interest expenses	 Numerator: No change Denominator: include extraordinary losses (if any)
Spread between reference lending and deposit rates	Spread between reference lending and deposit rates	 No change Both numerator and denominator need to be reported
Spread between highest and lowest interbank rate	Spread between highest and lowest interbank rate	 No change Both numerator and denominator need to be reported

Earnings and profitability

Green is consistent with the 2019 FSI Guide

Income and expense statement

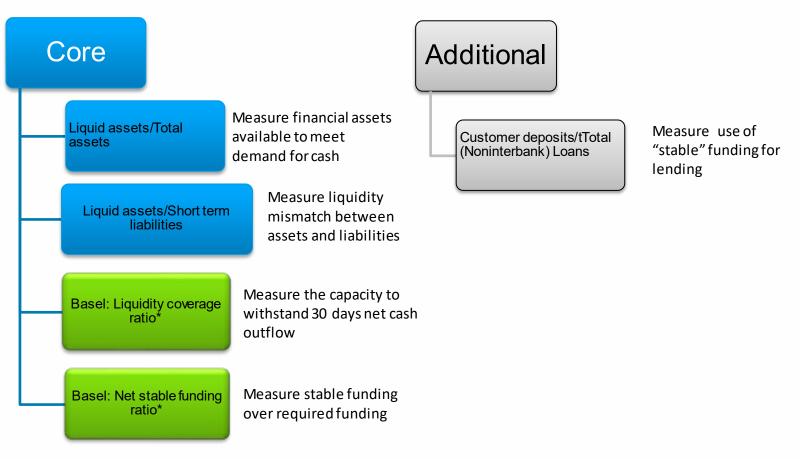


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Liquidity

Analytic value: a gauge of deposit takers' ability to meet expected and unexpected demands





Liquidity: Core

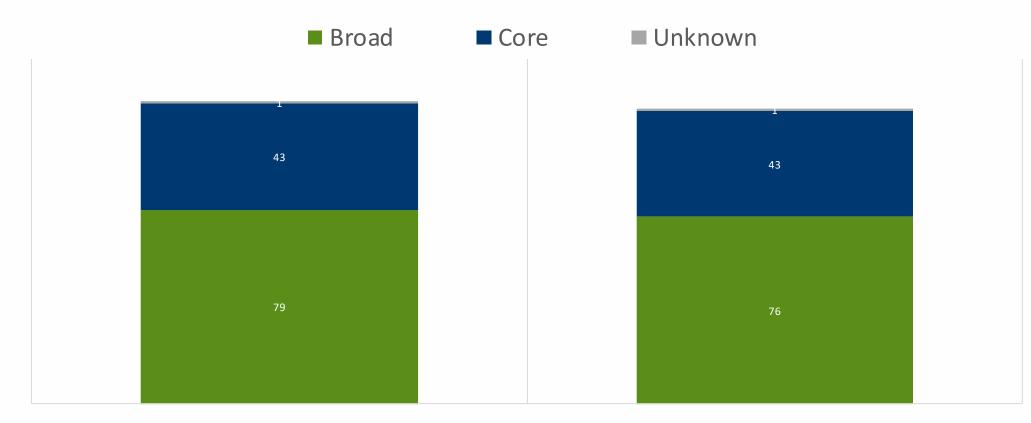
2006 FSI Guide	2019 FSI Guide	Main changes
Liquid assets to total assets	Liquid assets to total assets for all DTs	 Numerator: Broad measure of liquidity assets (The 2019 FSI Guide does not differentiate between core and broad measure of liquidity) Denominator: No change
Liquid assets to short term liabilities	Liquid assets to short term liabilities for all DTs	 Numerator: Broad measure of liquid assets (The 2019 FSI Guide does not differentiate between core and broad measure of liquidity) Denominator: All liabilities with a maturity of not more than 90 days
	Liquidity Coverage Ratio*	 New indicator for DTs under Basel III Numerator: High Quality Liquid Assets (HQLA) Denominator: Net cash outflows
	Net Stable funding Ratio*	 New indicator for DTs under Basel III Numerator: Available amount of stable funding Denominator: Available amount of required funding

Liquidity: Additional

2006 FSI Guide	2019 FSI Guide	Main changes
Customer Deposits to Total (Noninterbank) Loans	Customer Deposits to Total (Noninterbank) Loans	 Numerator: include all deposits placed by residents or nonresidents, except those placed by (resident and nonresident) financial corporations, central governments, and central banks Denominator: No change

Liquidity

Green indicates prescribed choice of denominator in 2019 FSI guide



LIQUID ASSETS/TOTAL ASSETS

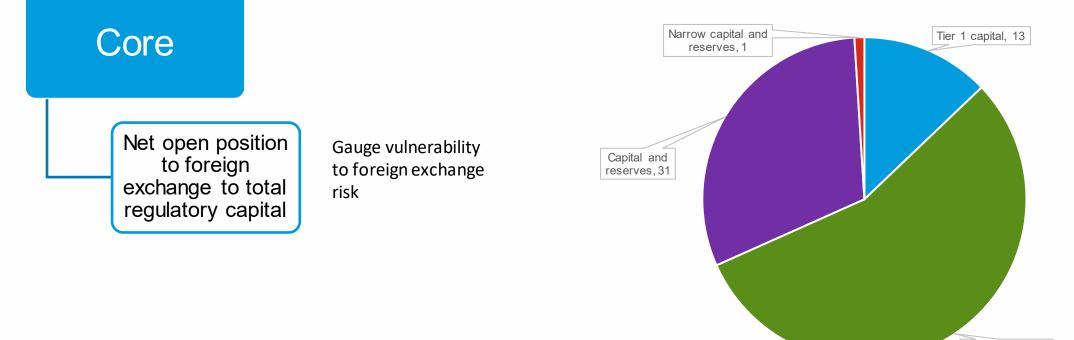
LIQUID ASSETS/SHORT TERM LIABILITIES

Sensitivity to Market Risk

Analytic value: a measure of exposures to market risk

Green indicates prescribed choice of denominator in 2019 FSI guide

Net open position in foreign exchange to capital



Number refers to number of countries

Total regulatory capital, 56

Sensitivity to Market Risk: Core

2006 FSI Guide	2019 FSI Guide	Main changes
Net open position in foreign exchange to capital	Net open position in foreign exchange to capital	 Numerator: No change (Preferred approach is to use on- and off-balance measure). Denominator: Total regulatory capital

* Deleted from the list of additional FSIs: Net open position in equity to capital

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The story behind CDMs

Recommendation II-3 of the Data Gaps Initiative

The IMF to investigate the possibility of regular collection of CDMs for FSIs. G-20 economies to support the work of the IMF.

Background

- ► 2014 pilot project: confirmed feasibility of data collection
- 2017 FSI Workshop: confirmed usefulness and countries' support to the data provision, as additional costs are minimal
- ► FI developed a data compilation tool, in response to countries' request
- 2017 meeting of the FSI Reference Group provided insights to the selection of FSIs for which CDMs would be reported, with an emphasis on preserving confidentiality of individual reporters

CDMs: Indicators suggested in the Guide

• For concentration, the Guide recommends

The Herfindahl Index

 Various ways to measure dispersion, including variance, standard deviation and quartiles. The Guide recommends:

Weighted Standard Deviation

Weighted Quartiles

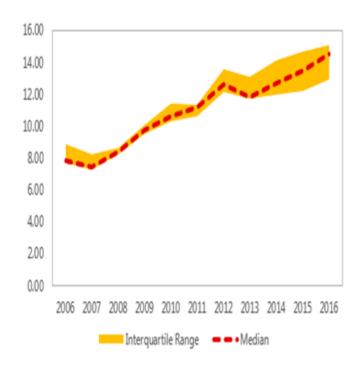
Weighted Skewness

Weighted Kurtosis

CDMs for Selected Core FSIs for DTs

- Solvency Indicator (capital adequacy)
 - ► Tier 1 capital to risk-weighted assets
 - NPLs net of specific provisions to capital
- Asset Quality
 - NPLs to total gross loans
 - Provisions to NPLs
- Profitability
 - Return on assets (ROA)
 - Return on equity (ROE)
- Leverage
 - Tier 1 capital to total assets

Figure 12.3 Weighted Quartiles for Selected French Banks' Capital Adequacy Ratios (2006-2016)



Source: Fitch Connect and IMF staff calculations.



IMF 2019 FINANCIAL SOUNDNESS INDICATORS COMPILATION GUIDE (2019 FSI GUIDE)



Available on the IMF iPad App

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The IMF 2019 Financial Soundness Indicators Compilation Guide (2019 FSI Guide)



The IMF 2019 Financial Soundness Indicators Compilation Guide (2019 FSI Guide) updates the methodological guidance on the concepts and definitions, data sources and methods for the compilation and dissemination of financial soundness indicators. It includes new indicators to expand the coverage of the financial sector, including other financial intermediaries, money market funds, insurance corporations, pension funds, nonfinancial corporations, and households.

Download PDF

Concentration and Distribution Measure (CDM) Tool

DISCLAIMER:

This Concentration and Distribution Measures (CDMs) tool, for selected Financial Soundness Indicators, is provided to member countries only for their convenience. A key objective of the tool is to facilitate comparability, reproducibility and interpretability of CDMs across the membership. However, individual countries remain solely responsible for their reported CDMs. The IMF makes no representation or warranty of any kind, express or implied, about the tool's completeness, accuracy, reliability, suitability or usability with every system.

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Additional FSIs for OFCs: Overview

OFCs' assets to total financial assets

This indicator will be produced for the OFC sector as a whole and for each defined subsector: (i) Money market funds (MMFs); (ii) Insurance Corporations (ICs); and (iii) Pension Funds (PFs):

OFCs' assets to gross domestic product

This indicator will be produced for the OFC sector as a whole and for each defined subsector: (i) MMFs; (ii) ICs; and (iii) PFs.

More FSIs for OFCs

- MMFs: 2 new indicators,
- ICs: 4 new indicators,
- PFs: 2 new indicators

Additional FSIs for OFCs: MMFs

Sectoral distribution of investments

- Indicates the risk-profile of MMF investments by identifying different types of debtors, provides information on the exposure of these debtors to MMFs as a funding source, and captures a financial link between MMFs and DTs.
- Moreover, changes in the distribution would also capture MMFs' asset reallocations based on yields and/or risk perception.

Maturity distribution of investments

Aims at assessing the level of liquidity by monitoring the asset maturity of the following time intervals: 1-30 days; 31-90 days; and more than 90 days

Additional FSIs for OFCs: Insurance Corporations

The following new indicators for ICs will be added as additional FSIs:

Shareholders' equity to invested assets

Measures the level of capital that is available to meet actual or potential losses from ICs' investments. This is provided separately for life and non-life insurance

Combined ratio (non-life insurance only)

Measures the profitability of a given year's insurance underwriting, calculated as the sum of net incurred losses and underwriting expenses divided by net earned premiums. For non-life insurers operating in a healthy market this ratio should be less than 100.

Return on equity (ROE—life and non-life) and Return on assets (ROA—life only):

- Leading indicators for solvency problems,
- ► The ROE measures ICs' efficiency in using their capital,
- ► The ROA measures ICs' efficiency in using their assets.

Additional FSIs for OFCs: Pension Funds

The following new indicators for PFs will be added as additional FSIs:

• Liquid assets to estimated pension payments in the next year

▶ This liquidity indicator assesses the adequacy of liquid assets to cover future pension payments.

Return on Assets

► This earning and profitability indicator measures the efficiency of PFs in using their assets.

Additional FSIs for Non-Financial Corporations

Current:

- Debt to equity
- Return on equity
- Earnings to interest and principal expenses

Additions

- External debt to equity
- Foreign currency debt to equity
- Total NFC debt-to-GDP
- Earnings to interest expenses

Deletions

- Net foreign exchange exposure to equity
- Number of bankruptcy proceedings initiated

Additional FSIs for Households

The Rationale:

▶ The household sector is another key counterpart sector of the financial sector.

Addition

Household debt to gross disposable income

2006 FSI Guide	2019 FSI Guide	Main Changes
Household debt to GDP	Household debt to GDP	No change
Household debt service and principal payments to income	Household debt service and principal payments to income	• No change
	Household debt to household disposable income	 New FSI Numerator: House debt Denominator: Household disposable income

FSIs for Real Estate Markets

The Rationale:

Real estate assets are a major element of the wealth of the private sector. To support monitoring the direct exposure to risks arising from real-estate-related lending

2006 FSI Guide	2019 FSI Guide	Changes
Residential real estate prices	Residential real estate prices	Upgraded to the list of core FSIs
Commercial real estate prices	Commercial real estate prices	• No change
Residential real estate loans to total loans	Residential real estate loans to total loans	• No change
Commercial real estate loans to total loans	Commercial real estate loans to total loans	• No change

Additional FSIs for Market Liquidity: Before and After

Current List of FSIs	Updated List of FSIs	Changes
Average bid-ask spread in the securities market		Deleted
Average daily turnover ratio in the securities market		Deleted

The Rationale:

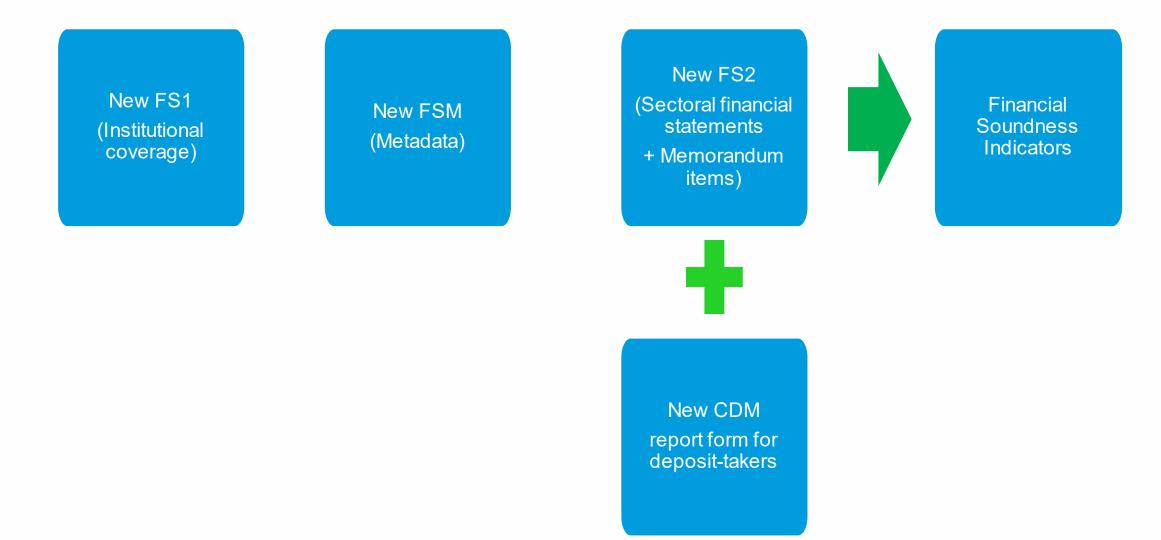
These two indicators on market liquidity are readily available from commercial sources in most countries on high frequency.

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New FSI report forms

The objective is to derive the FSIs from underlying financial statements (FSIs) for all countries



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The way forward

4. Implementation of the new FSI-SRs and metadata will start in January 2022 (Beginning of the transition period)

3 Two weeks before launching date, countries will be given the opportunity to make changes to their data and metadata using the new report forms

2. Deadline for returning option form 15 September 2021 (extended till end-2021)

1. Countries were informed of Implementation of new templates in July 2021

New FSI report forms are implemented (End of transition period in December 2022)

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Appendices

Additional FSIs for OFCs: Before and After

	2006 FSI Guide	2019 FSI Guide	Main Changes
OFC and subsectors	OFCs' assets to total financial assets	OFCs' assets to total financial assets and subsectors	 Modified Numerator: Total assets of OFC and subsectors: MMF, IC and PC Denominator: Total financial system assets comprising DTs, MMF, IC, PF and other OFC subsectors (that is excluding total assets of central banks)
	OFCs' assets to gross domestic products	OFCs' assets to total financial assets and subsectors	 Modified Numerator: Total assets of OFC and subsectors: MMF, IC and PC Denominator: GDP (No change)
Money Market Funds		Sectoral distribution of investments	 New FSI Numerator: sectoral distribution of investment Denominator: Total investments
		Maturity distribution of investments	New FSINumerator: Maturity of investmentsDenominator: Total investments

Additional FSIs for OFCs: Before and After

	2006 FSI Guide	2019 FSI Guide	Main Changes
		Shareholder equity to total invested assets	 New FSI Numerator: Capital and reserves Denominator: Total invested assets
Insurance Corporations		Combined ratio, for non-life insurance	 New FSI Numerator: Net claims and underwriting expenses Denominator: Net premium earned
		Return on assets, for life insurance	 New FSI Numerator: Annualized Profit before tax Denominator: Average total assets
		Return on equity, for life and non-life insurance	 New FSI Numerator: Annualized Profit after tax Denominator: Average capital and reserves

Additional FSIs for OFCs: Before and After

	2006 FSI Guide	2019 FSI Guide	Main Changes
Pension		Liquid assets to estimated pension payments in the next year	 New FSI Numerator: Liquid assets Denominator: Estimated pension payments in the next year
funds		Return on assets	 New FSI Numerator: Annualized Profit before tax Denominator: Average total assets

Additional FSIs for NFCs: Before and After

	2006 FSI Guide	2019 FSI Guide	Main Changes
	Total debt to equity	Total debt to equity	Numerator: No changeDenominator: No change
		Total external debt to equity	 New FSI Numerator: Total debt to nonresident Denominator: Equity (Capital and reserves)
NFCs		Total foreign currency debt to equity	 New FSI Numerator: Total foreign currency debt Denominator: Equity (Capital and reserves)
	Return on equity	Return on equity	Numerator: Profit after taxDenominator: No change
	Earnings to interest and principal expenses	Earnings to interest and principal expenses	Numerator: No changeDenominator: No change
		Earnings to interest expenses	 New FSI Numerator: Earnings before interest and tax (EBIT) Denominator: Interest expenses
	Net foreign exchange exposure to equity		Deleted

Additional FSIs for NFCs: Before and After

	2006 FSI Guide	2019 FSI Guide	Main Changes
	Net foreign exchange exposure to equity		• Deleted
NFCs	Number of applications for protection from creditors		• Deleted
		NFC debt to GDP	 New FSI Numerator: Total debt Denominator: GDP